

# Farsi (Persian) Language



---

## Office Language Interface Pack for Farsi (Persian)

---

### Abstract

Microsoft Office Language Interface Pack (LIP) is a high-quality, localized “skin” for emerging and minority language markets. LIP is installed on an English version of Office 2003. Based on Multiple User Interface (MUI) technology (separate resource files for localizable UI), the Language Interface Pack provides the Farsi (Persian) user with four applications of office with a Farsi (Persian) User Interface. This white paper will show what is the benefits of Farsi (Persian) LIP, and how to install and use it over your English Office applications.

---

### Content

- [Introduction](#)
  - [Farsi \(Persian\) User Benefits](#)
  - [Supported Operating Systems](#)
  - [Installation](#)
    - [Adding Farsi \(Persian\) Support](#)
    - [Farsi \(Persian\) fonts](#)
    - [Adding a Farsi \(Persian\) Keyboard](#)
    - [Installing Farsi \(Persian\) LIP](#)
  - [Limitations](#)
  - [Disclaimer](#)
- 

## Language Interface Pack for Farsi (Persian)

### *White Paper*

For the latest information, please see <http://www.microsoft.com/office>

---

### Introduction

Microsoft released Office Language Interface Pack (LIP) to help users who uses languages not included in Office Multi User Interface (MUI) to use Office with their native language interface. One of Office 2003 LIP languages is Farsi (Persian) LIP. The aim of it, is to give Farsi (Persian) language speakers the ability to use Office 2003 with their language.

---

### Farsi (Persian) User Benefits

- Support the Farsi (Persian) users with an Office 2003 version in their own language.
- Provide four applications of the office applications with Farsi (Persian) language interface

(Excel, Word, Outlook and PowerPoint).

- Provide a Farsi (Persian) spell checker, with more than 30,000 words.
- Office LIP is **free**.
- Language installed over another full language of office.
- Language switching enabled.

[Top](#)

## Supported Operating Systems

### *Windows XP*

OS	Office 2003	Support Farsi (Persian)
Windows XP Arabic UI	Office 2003 Arabic UI	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Windows XP English UI	Office 2003 English UI	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Windows XP Arabic UI	Office 2003 English UI	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Windows XP English UI	Office 2003 Arabic UI	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

### *Windows 2000 with Service Pack 3 (SP3)*

OS	Office 2003	Support Farsi (Persian)
Windows 2000 Arabic UI	Office 2003 Arabic UI	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Windows 2000 English UI	Office 2003 English UI	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Windows 2000 Arabic UI	Office 2003 English UI	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Windows 2000 English UI	Office 2003 Arabic UI	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

[Top](#)

## Installation

To install and use the Farsi (Persian) Language Interface Pack (LIP) , you need to add Farsi (Persian) language support to the OS and then install the fonts. The following section describes the steps needed to accomplish these tasks

### *Adding Farsi (Persian) Support*

#### **Windows XP steps:**

1. Open **Regional and Language Options** from the **Control Panel**, then go to **Languages** Tab.  
**Note:** if you are using the **Category View**, click **Date, Time, Language, and Regional Options**, then click **Regional and Language Options**, and then go to **Language** Tab.
2. Check the option **Install files for complex script and right-to-left languages (including Thai)**, then press **OK** button.  
**Note:** Please have your Windows CD ready, because it might need to copy some files into your system



Fig. 1: Adding Farsi (Persian) Language support (Windows XP)

#### Windows 2000 steps:

1. Open **Regional Options** from the **Control Panel**.
2. Under **Language settings** for the system, select the check box in front of Arabic language.
3. Click **Apply** button then restart the system.

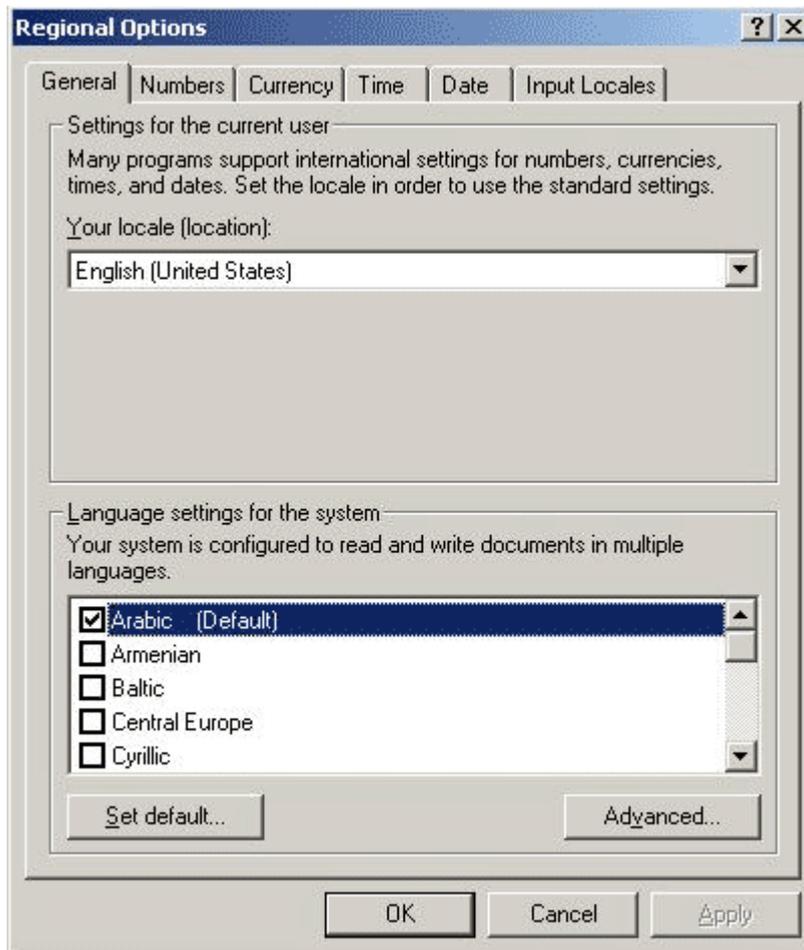


Fig. 2: Adding Farsi (Persian) Language support (Windows 2000)

#### Adding system locale to Farsi (Persian):

1. Open **Regional Options** from the **Control Panel**.
2. Click on **Set Default** button.
3. Under **Select the appropriate locale**, select Farsi (Persian), then click **OK** button.



Fig. 3: Adding system local to Farsi (Persian) (Windows 2000)

#### *Farsi (Persian) fonts*

The following fonts supports Farsi (Persian) font:

1. Microsoft Sans Serif
2. Tahoma

## Adding a Farsi (Persian) Keyboard

To be able to write Farsi (Persian) character, you have to install a Farsi (Persian) Keyboard, please follow the following steps:

### Windows XP steps:

1. Open **Regional and Language Options** from the **Control Panel**, then go to **Languages** Tab.  
**Note:** if you are using the **Category View**, click **Date, Time, Language, and Regional Options**, then click **Regional and Language Options**, and then go to **Language** Tab, as shown below.



Fig. 4: Installing the complex script languages (Windows XP)

2. Click on **Details** button, then in the **Settings** tab, click on **Add** button, as shown below.



Fig. 5: Adding Farsi (Persian) keyboard (Windows XP)

3. Under **Input language** drop down combo, choose **Farsi (Persian)**, and then press **OK**, as shown below.

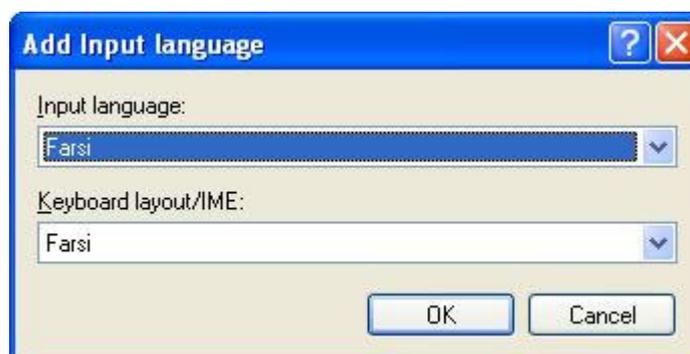


Fig. 6: Adding the Input language (Windows XP)

4. Now, you have Farsi (Persian) keyboard added, press **Ok** again to have it enabled.



Fig. 7: Adding Farsi (Persian) keyboard to the list (Windows XP)

#### Windows 2000 steps:

1. Open **Regional Options** from the **Control Panel**, then go to **Input Locales** Tab.
2. Click **Add** button.
3. Choose Farsi (Persian) fro both **Input Locale** and **Keyboard layout/IME**, then click **OK** button, then **OK** again.

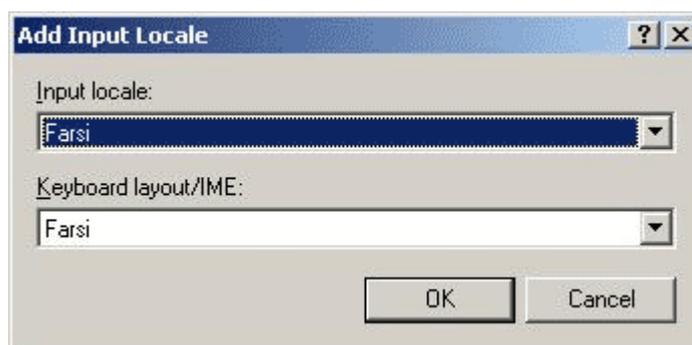


Fig. 8: Adding Input local (Windows 2000)

4. Now you will have Farsi (Persian) Keyboard ready.



1. Install Office 2003 English version first.
2. Go to the following link:  
<http://www.microsoft.com/downloads/details.aspx?familyid=ccf199bc-c987-48f5-9707-dc6c7d0e35d0&displaylang=fa>
3. Download Farsi (Persian) LIP file (LIP.EXE) by clicking on the Download button.
4. Run the LIP.EXE file that you just downloaded by double click on it.

#### Farsi (Persian) LIP installation steps (Windows XP and Windows 2003):

1. You have to agree first on the License Agreement by checking the **agreement** check box, then click **Next** button as shown below.

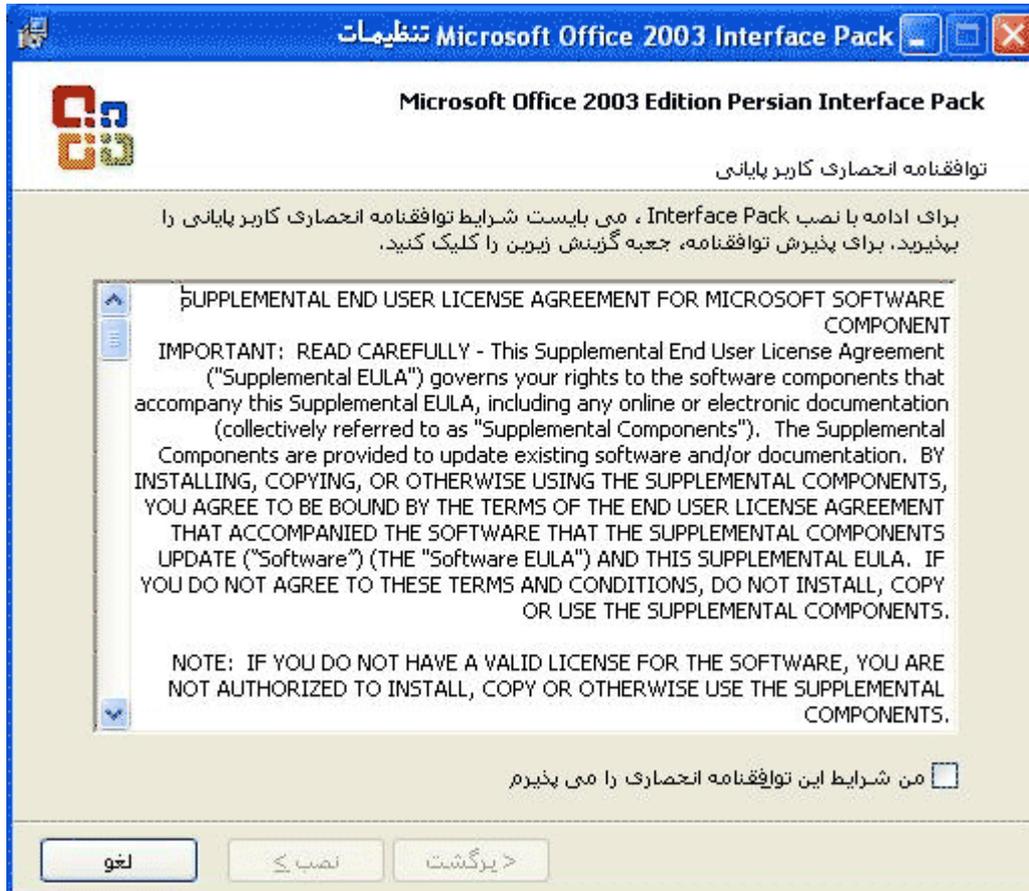


Fig. 10: Agreement for installing Farsi (Persian) LIP

2. The setup process will proceed, click **OK** button to finish it, as shown below.



Fig. 11: Completing the installation of Farsi (Persian) LIP

#### Enabling Farsi (Persian) User Interface to be you default User Interface:

1. Click on **Start Menu**, then choose **Programs**, then choose **Microsoft Office**, then **Microsoft Office Tools**, then **Microsoft Office 2003 Language Settings**
2. In **User Interface and Help** tab, under (Display Office 2003 in) drop down menu, choose **Farsi (Persian)**, and then press **OK**, as shown below.



Fig. 12: Change the User Interface to Farsi (Persian) using Office Tools

3. Then click **OK** button again, as shown below.

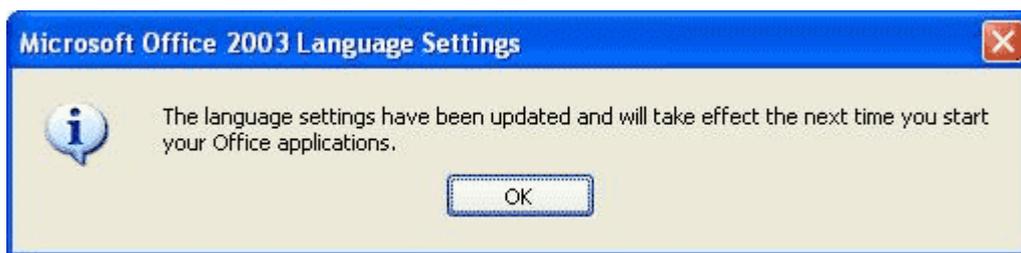


Fig. 13: Completing the User Interface changing process.

Now, you will have office with Farsi (Persian) User Interface next time you start office.

[^ Top](#)

## Limitations

- Farsi (Persian) User Interface applies only for (Word, Excel, Outlook, and PowerPoint) applications.
- There are no Farsi (Persian) help files for Office.

[^ Top](#)

## Disclaimer

The information contained in this document represents the current view of Microsoft Corporation on the issues discussed as of the date of publication. Because Microsoft must respond to changing market conditions, it should not be interpreted to be a commitment on the part of Microsoft, and Microsoft cannot guarantee the accuracy of any information presented after the date of publication.

This White Paper is for informational purposes only. MICROSOFT MAKES NO WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, AS TO THE INFORMATION IN THIS DOCUMENT.

Complying with all applicable copyright laws is the responsibility of the user. Without limiting the rights under copyright, no part of this document may be reproduced, stored in or introduced into a retrieval system, or transmitted in any form or by any means (electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording, or otherwise), or for any purpose, without the express written permission of Microsoft Corporation.

Microsoft may have patents, patent applications, trademarks, copyrights, or other intellectual property rights covering subject matter in this document. Except as expressly provided in any written license agreement from Microsoft, the furnishing of this document does not give you any license to these patents, trademarks, copyrights, or other intellectual property.

Unless otherwise noted, the example companies, organizations, products, domain names, e-mail addresses, logos, people, places and events depicted herein are fictitious, and no association with any real company, organization, product, domain name, e-mail address, logo, person, place or event is intended or should be inferred.

Microsoft, Office 2003, Active Directory, Windows XP, and Windows NT are either registered trademarks or trademarks of Microsoft Corporation in the United States and/or other countries

The names of actual companies and products mentioned herein may be the trademarks of their respective owner.